Embassy of India Riyadh

INDIA-SAUDI BILATERAL RELATIONS

India and Saudi Arabia enjoy cordial and friendly relations reflecting the centuries old economic and socio-cultural ties. The establishment of diplomatic relations in 1947 was followed by high-level visits from both sides.

King Saud visited India in 1955 and the Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru visited the Kingdom in 1956. The visit of the Prime Minister Indira Gandhi to Saudi Arabia in 1982 further boosted the bilateral relations. In the recent times, the historic visit of King Abdullah to India in 2006 resulted in signing of 'Delhi Declaration' imparting a fresh momentum to the bilateral relationship. The visit provided the framework for cooperation in all fields of mutual interest. The reciprocal visit by Prime Minister Dr. Manmohan Singh to Saudi Arabia in 2010 raised the level of bilateral engagement to 'Strategic Partnership' and the 'Riyadh Declaration' signed during the visit captured the spirit of enhanced cooperation in political, economic, security and defence realms. The visit of the then Crown Prince, His Royal Highness Prince Salman bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Defence of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (now King) to India in 2014 has further deepened the relations between our two countries.

The visit of Prime Minister Narendra Modi to Riyadh from April 2-3, 2016 could be seen as a turning point in our growing engagement with the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, which has taken an upward strategic direction. The official engagements of Hon'ble Prime Minister included the meetings with King Salman, (the then) Crown Prince Mohammed bin Naif, (the then) Deputy Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman {now Crown Prince, Deputy Premier and Minister of Defence}, Foreign Minister Adel Al Jubeir, Health Minister and Chairman of the Executive Board of Saudi Aramco Khalid Al Falih {now Minister of Energy, Industry and Mineral Resources}, and interaction with top Saudi business leaders at the Council of Saudi Chambers. In a special gesture, King Salman honoured Hon'ble Prime Minister Narendra Modi with the 'Sash of King Abdulaziz', the highest civilian decoration awarded by the Kingdom. A Joint Statement highlighting the various aspects of our relations was also issued at the conclusion of the visit.

On the side lines of the G-20 Hangzhou Summit in September 2016, Prime Minister held bilateral meeting with the Deputy Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman during which the two leaders discussed ways of further strengthening and diversifying bilateral engagements.

Saudi Foreign Minister Adel al Jubeir held a bilateral meeting with MoS (EA) M. J. Akbar on the side lines of G-20 Foreign Ministers at Bonn on February 17, 2017.

MoS for External Affairs Shri M.J.Akbar led the Hajj goodwill delegation from 28 Aug -3 Sep, 2017 and met Governor of Makkah & Advisor to King Salman Prince Khalid bin Faisal and Saudi Minister of Hajj & Umra Mohammad Saleh bin Taher Benten.

Minister of State for External Affairs Dr. (Gen) V. K. Singh (Retd) visited Riyadh (3-5 Feb) and jointly addressed the press conference with the Saudi Minister of National Guard Prince Khalid bin Abdulaziz Al Ayyaf on the 32nd Saudi National Heritage and Culture Festival Janadriyah 2018.

External Affairs Minister Smt Sushma Swaraj visited Riyadh (6-8 Feb) and inaugurated the India pavilion at the 32nd Saudi National Heritage and Culture Festival Janadriyah 2018, where India was accorded the 'Guest of Honour' status. On the sidelines, External Affairs Minister met King Salman, Saudi Foreign Minister Adel Al Jubeir and Saudi National Guard Minister Prince Khalid bin Abdulaziz Al Ayyaf.

Finance Minister Shri Arun Jaitely visited Riyadh (18 & 19 Feb, 2018) to co-chair the 12th Joint Commission Meeting along with the Saudi Minister of Commerce & Investment Dr. Majid Al Qassabi. Finance Minister had an audience with King Salman and met Saudi Finance Minister Mr. Mohammad Al Jada'an and Saudi Minister for Energy, Industry and Mineral Resources Eng. Khalid Al Falih. Finance Minister also addressed the Council of Saudi Chambers.

On the side-lines of G20 Summit in Argentina, 2018, Hon'ble PM Narendra Modi met the Saudi Crown Prince Mohammad bin Salman (29 Nov, 2018) and discussed aspects of bilateral cooperation.

Bilateral Visits:

See Annexure I

Joint Statements/Bilateral Agreements/MoUs:

The bilateral Agreements and MoUs signed are as follows:

Joint Statements:

- **1.** Signing of 'Delhi Declaration' in 2006 during the visit of King Abdullah; it laid the roadmap for bilateral cooperation;
- **2.** Signing of 'Riyadh Declaration' in 2010 during Prime Minister Dr. Manmohan Singh's visit to Riyadh. It raised the level of interaction to 'Strategic Partnership' in the political, economy, security and defence realms;
- **3.** Joint Statement during the visit of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Salman bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Defence of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to India in February 2014;
- **4.** Joint Statement during the visit of the Hon'ble Prime Minister of India to the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in April 2016.

Agreements/MoUs:

- **5.** MoU for Foreign Office Consultations;
- **6.** MoU on the Establishment of Joint Business Council between Council of Saudi Chambers of Commerce and Industry (CSCCI) and Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce & Industry (FICCI);

- **7.** Bilateral Promotion and Protection of Investments (BIPA);
- **8.** Agreement on Avoidance of Double Taxation and Prevention of Tax Evasion (DTAA);
- **9.** MoU on Combating Crime;
- **10.** Agreement in the field of Youth and Sports;
- **11.** MoU of Scientific and Educational Co-operation between the Ministry of HRD, India and Ministry of Higher Education, KSA;
- **12.** Extradition Treaty;
- **13.** Agreement on Transfer of Sentenced Persons;
- **14.** MoU for Cooperation in Peaceful Use of Outer Space;
- **15.** Agreement on Scientific and Technological Cooperation;
- **16.** MoU between Centre for Development of Advance Computing (C-DAC) and King Abdulaziz City for Science & Technology (KACST) on cooperation in Information Technology and Services;
- **17.** Agreement on News Cooperation between Saudi Press Agency (SPA) and Press Trust of India (PTI);
- **18.** MoU on Cultural Cooperation;
- **19.** Agreement on Labour Cooperation for Domestic Service Workers Recruitment;
- **20.** MoU on Defence Cooperation;
- **21.** Agreement on Labour Co-operation for Recruitment of General Category Workers;
- **22.** Technical Cooperation Program between the Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) and the Saudi Standards, Metrology and Quality Organization (SASO);
- **23.** Cooperation Programme between the Indian Council of World Affairs (ICWA), India and Prince Saud Al Faisal Institutes of Diplomatic Studies (PSAIDS), Saudi Arabia;
- **24.** Executive Program for Cooperation in the Field of Handicrafts between the Export Promotion Council for Handicraft (EPCH) in the Republic of India and Saudi Commission for Tourism and National Heritage;
- **25.** MoU between Financial Intelligence Unit India and the Financial Intelligence Unit-Saudi Arabia concerning Cooperation in the Exchange of Intelligence related to Money Laundering, Terrorism Financing and Related Crimes;
- **26.** Framework for Investment Promotion Cooperation between Invest India and the Saudi Arabian General Investment Authority (SAGIA);

Economic & Commercial Relations: Saudi Arabia today is our 4th largest trade partner (after China, USA and Japan) and is a major source of energy as we import around 17 % of our crude oil requirement from the Kingdom. In 2017-18, the India-Saudi bilateral trade has increased by 9.56 % to US \$ 27.48 billion. During this period, our imports from Saudi Arabia reached USD 22.06 billion, registering a increase of 10.50 % over previous year (USD 19.97 billion) whereas our exports to Saudi Arabia reached USD 5.41 billion registering an increase of 5.88 % over previous year (USD 5.11 billion). The current bilateral trade (April- Oct 2018 provisional figures) is valued USD 19.64 billion. The business and visit visa fees for the Indian nationals were decreased and fixed on reciprocal terms.

Saudi Arabia is the 15^{th} largest market in the world for Indian exports and is destination to 1.85% (2017-18) of India's global exports. On the other hand, Saudi Arabia is the 3^{rd} largest source (4.74% in 2017-18) of India's global imports. For Saudi Arabia, as per 2017 data, India is the 4^{th} largest market for its exports, accounting for 8.88% of its global exports. In terms of imports by Saudi Arabia, India ranks 7th and is source of around 4.13% of Saudi Arabia's total imports.

India-Saudi Trade (in billion USD)

Year (April - March)	Imports from Saudi Arabia	Exports to Saudi Arabia	Total trade	% increase in bilateral trade	% increase in Indian imports	% increase in Indian exports
2013-2014	36.40	12.21	48.62	11.05	7.08	24.86
2014-2015	28.10	11.16	39.26	-19.24	-22.79	-8.65
2015-2016	20.32	6.39	26.71	-31.97	-27.70	-42.71
2016-2017	19.94	5.13	25.08	-6.12	-1.85	-19.70
2017-2018	22.06	5.41	27.48	+9.56	+10.50	+5.88

Source: Department of Commerce, GOI. (www.daft.gov.in)

Investments: According to Saudi Arabian General Investment Authority (SAGIA), there are 322 Indian companies as joint ventures/100% owned entities of worth USD 1.4 billion in the Kingdom till Dec, 2017. These licenses are for projects in diverse sectors such as management and consultancy services, construction projects, telecommunications, information technology, pharmaceuticals, etc. Several Indian companies have established collaborations with Saudi companies and are working in the Kingdom in the areas of designing, consultancy, financial services and software development. On the other hand, as per available data, Saudi Arabia is the 48th biggest investor in India with investments from April 2000 to June, 2018 amounting to USD 208.38 million. In addition, Saudi Petrochemical joint SABIC had set up its R&D Centre in Bangalore with an investment of over USD 100 million in November 2013. Aramco Asia India Ltd, the India office of Aramco was inaugurated on 8 Oct, 2017. Saudi Aramco signed a MoU in April, 2018, with the Indian consortium (IOC, HPCL & BPCL) to acquire 50 % stake in the India's largest refinery project 'Ratnagiri Refinery & Petrochemicals Limited' of worth US \$ 44 billion. Later, ADNOC too signed an agreement to take 25 % stake of Saudi Aramco's share in the Ratnagiri Project. Saudi Company Al- Fanar is currently executing a 300 MW power project in Kutcch. Several other Saudi companies have also invested in India through their non-Saudi subsidiaries.

Cultural ties: A cultural troupe from ICCR comprising of a Shehnai and a Qawwali group, performed in Jeddah and Riyadh from 25-29 January 2012, coinciding with the Republic Day celebrations. A 45-member Saudi youth delegation visited India on 10-day tour from March 22, 2012, to strengthen the cooperation in the information and communications technology (ICT) sector and to step-up efforts to promote understanding and friendship among the youth of the two countries. A 54-member cultural delegation visited the Kingdom to participate in the 'Indian Cultural Week', organized in Riyadh in collaboration with the Saudi Ministry of Culture from November 3-7, 2012. In January-February 2017, an ICCR sponsored 5-member Qawwali troupe performed in Riyadh, Dammam, Jubail and Jeddah.

Janadriyah 2018: India successfully participated as 'Guest of Honour' in the 32nd edition of the prestigious Saudi National Heritage and Cultural Festival Janadriyah 2018 from 7 -28 February, 2018. The "Guest of Honour' privilege comes in the backdrop of the historic visit of Hon'ble PM to Riyadh in April, 2016 and the historic bilateral relations. Hon'ble EAM Smt Sushma Swaraj jointly inaugurated the India Pavilion with His Majesty King Salman. During the visit, EAM called on King Salman and held official talks with Saudi Foreign Minister H.E Adel Al Jubeir and Saudi Minister of National Guard H.E Khalid bin Abdulaziz Al Ayyaf.

The India pavilion comprised the friendship wall, traditional & contemporary India, business stalls, states part, flavours of India and information desk. The friendship wall was a collection of rare and historic photographs of the historic bilateral relations and its discourse over the years. The traditional India segment comprised the 'Incredible India', AYUSH, Handicrafts, Textiles and the much desired 'Yoga Man' while the contemporary India segment concentrated more on the modern technological skills of India displaying Ordnance Factories Board (OFB), Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO), Ministry of Shipping, National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) and Ministry of Food Processing Industries. The business stalls included the Indian companies/firms displaying their prominence in their respective sectors and distributed brochures, etc which attracted huge gathering to the India pavilion. The Arabic calligraphy exhibits were also well received by the Saudi citizens. The States Component involved the participation of 11 states (Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Andhra Pradesh, Telengana, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa, West Bengal, Uttar Pradesh and Bihar) decorating the states stalls with models, banners, roll-ups, handicraft items, textiles indigenous to their respective states and presenting the Indian concept of 'Unity in Diversity' to the visitors. The visitors were really awe-struck by the cultural diversity and also the historic richness, economic potential & investment opportunities and culinary skills each state had to offer. The Cultural part comprising Yoga demonstrations, dances, martial arts, and screening of Indian films/documentaries was well applauded by the Saudi audience resulting in the flooding of the cultural area completely jam-packed.

Indian Community in Saudi Arabia: The 2.7 million (as of Dec, 2018) strong Indian community in Saudi Arabia is the largest expatriate community in the Kingdom and is the 'most preferred community' due to their expertise, sense of discipline, law abiding and peace loving nature. The contribution made by Indian community to the development of Saudi Arabia is well acknowledged. In April 2013, His Majesty King Abdullah announced a grace period allowing overstaying expatriates to correct the status, get new jobs or leave the country without facing penal action till the end of the grace period i.e. November 3, 2013. More than 1.4 lakh Indians availed the amnesty and returned back to home without facing penalty. Again, Saudi authorities announced amnesty (April – November, 2017) during which

around 70, 000 undocumented Indians were issued travel documents to return back to India. The Haj pilgrimage is another important component of bilateral relations. The Hajj Quota was increased by 5, 000, enabling 1, 75, 025 Indians performing Hajj in 2018. A large number of Indians also visit the Kingdom to perform Umrah every year.

<u>Useful Resources</u>

Website of the Mission: www.indianembassy.org.sa

Mission's Facebook Page: https://www.facebook.com/IndiaInSaudiArabia

Mission's Twitter: twitter.com/IndianEmbRiyadh

(December, 2018)

Recent Bilateral Visits

A. Visits from the Saudi side

- 1. Visit of King Abdullah bin Abdulaziz to India (2006): The landmark visit of King Abdullah bin Abdulaziz to India in January 2006 as the Chief Guest of Republic Day celebrations opened a new chapter in the Indo-Saudi bilateral relations. King Abdullah referred to India as his 'second home' and signed the 'Delhi Declaration', first such bilateral document ever signed by a Saudi King which provided a comprehensive road map for the bilateral relations.
- 2. Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal visited India in February 2006 to follow up on King's visit and visited twice thereafter, in February 2008 and December 2008. The other ministerial visits from Saudi side during 2006-08 included that of Justice Minister, Minister for Higher Education, Minister of Health, Minister of Commerce & Industry and Petroleum Minister.
- 3. Prince Salman bin Abdulaziz Al Saud, the Governor of Riyadh, accompanied by a high-level delegation, paid an official visit to India in April 2010.
- 4. Grand Imam of the Holy Mosque of Makkah Sheikh Abdul Rahman Al-Sudais paid a five-day visit to India in March 2011. Sudais is the first ever Imam of Makkah to visit India.
- Prince Bandar bin Sultan, Secretary General of National Security Council of Saudi Arabia visited India on March 28, 2011, as special envoy of the Saudi King and met Prime Minister Dr Manmohan Singh.
- 6. Dr. Tawfiq Al-Rabiah, Saudi Commerce & Industry Minister led a 76-member delegation to New Delhi from 4-6 January, 2012, for 9th Indo-Saudi Joint Commission Meeting.
- 7. Saudi Assistant Petroleum and Mineral Resources Minister Abdul Aziz bin Salman visited India and held meeting with Indian Petroleum and Natural Gas Minister S. Jaipal Reddy on February 24, 2012.
- 8. Saudi Parliamentary delegation led by Shoura Council Chairman Dr. Abdullah bin Mohammad bin Ibrahim Al-Sheikh visited India from May 7-10, 2012 and held meetings with Vice President, Prime Minister, Lok Sabha Speaker and EAM.
- 9. Saudi Labour Minister Adel Fakeih visited India from November 5-6, 2012, to attend a conference organised by World Bank titled 'Employment and Development' and met Minister of Overseas Indian Affairs Mr. Vayalar Ravi on the sidelines.
- 10. Saudi Deputy Minister of Labour for International Affairs Dr. Ahmad bin Fahad Al Fuhaid visited India to participate in a two day meeting (May 30 31, 2013) of Joint Working Group on Labour

- issues between India and Saudi Arabia and on the sidelines met with Hon'ble Minister of Overseas Indian Affairs Shri Vayalar Ravi.
- 11. Saudi Deputy Minister for Laws and Regulation Affairs and Foreign Trade Dr. Fahad Abuhimed visited India for the Second Review Meeting of the 9th Joint Committee held in New Delhi from November 5-7, 2013.
- 12. Saudi Labour Minister Eng. Adel bin Mohammed Fakeih visited India from January 1 4, 2014 for signing of the Agreement on Labour Cooperation for Domestic Service Workers Recruitment and on the sidelines met with Vice President and External Affairs Minister.
- 13. His Royal Highness Crown Prince Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Defence of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia visited India from February 26 28, 2014 and met with President, Vice President and Prime Minister.
- 14. Saudi Commerce & Industry Minister Dr. Tawfiq Al Rabiah led the Saudi delegation to participate in the 4th India-Arab Partnership Conference held in New Delhi from November 26-27, 2014. While addressing the Conference, Dr. Tawfiq stated that "India is one of the biggest trading partners of Saudi Arabia. Relations between India and the Arab world have a long history." On the side-lines, Dr. Tawfiq also met with MoS (Independent Charge) for Commerce & Industry Mrs. Nirmala Sitharaman.
- 15. Saudi Commerce and Industry Minister Dr. Tawfiq Al Rabiah visited India for the 11th Joint Commission Meeting on May 29, 2015. On the sidelines, Dr. Rabiah also met separately with External Affairs Minister and Minister of Communications and Information Technology and discussed bilateral relations.
- 16. Saudi Foreign Minister H.E. Mr. Adel Al Jubeir visited New Delhi from March 7-8, 2016 and called on Hon'ble Prime Minister and held bilateral talks with Hon'ble EAM.
- 17. Saudi Minister for Energy, Industry and Mineral Resources Eng. Khalid Al Falih visited New Delhi and Mumbai from 22-26 Feb, 2018, during which he called on Hon'ble PM and held bilateral talks with Finance Minister Shri Arun Jaitley; Minister of Petroleum & Natural gas Shri. Dharmendra Pradhan, Commerce & Industry Minister Shri. Suresh Prabhu and Minister for Power and New & Renewable Energy (I/C) Shri R.K. Singh.
- 18. Saudi Minister for Energy, Industry and Mineral Resources Eng. Khalid Al Falih visited New Delhi to participate in the 16th International Energy Forum Ministerial Meeting (IEE16) in New Delhi (10-12 April 2018).
- 19. Saudi Minister for Energy, Industry and Mineral Resources Eng. Khalid Al Falih visited New Delhi to participate in the second edition of India Energy forum (14-16 Oct, 2018) in New Delhi. He also attended the Oil 7 Gas Leaders' interaction with Hon'ble PM.

B. Visits from the Indian side

 Visit of the then Prime Minister Dr. Manmohan Singh to the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (2010): Dr. Manmohan Singh, the then Prime Minister visited Saudi Arabia from February 27-March 1, 2010 and held discussions with King Abdullah, Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal, Commerce Minister Zainal Alireza and Petroleum and Mineral Resources Minister Ali Al Naimi.

- King Abdullah felicitated Dr. Manmohan Singh with the King Abdualziz Sash of the First Order. Prime Minister addressed the Majlis Al Shura and Council of Saudi Chambers of Commerce and Industry during the visit. The King Saud University conferred Honorary Doctorate on the PM.
- 2. Petroleum & Natural Gas Minister S. Jaipal Reddy visited Riyadh to participate in the Extraordinary Ministerial Meeting of International Energy Forum (IEF) on February 22, 2011 and held discussions with his Saudi counterpart Ali Al Naimi.
- 3. The then External Affairs Minister S.M. Krishna accompanied by Mohsina Kidwai, Chairperson of the Haj Committee of India, visited Jeddah on March 26, 2011, to sign the Haj Agreement for the year 2011. Shri Krishna met Fouad bin Abdulsalam Al-Farsi, Saudi Haj Minister and asked for an increase in the Haj quota.
- 4. Union Health and Family Welfare Minister Shri Ghulam Nabi Azad visited Riyadh to offer condolences on the death of the Crown Prince Sultan on October 25, 2011.
- 5. National Security Adviser Shri Shivshankar Menon visited Riyadh on December 4-5, 2011, to deliver a talk at 'Gulf Forum 2011' and on the sidelines held meeting with the then Chief of Saudi General Intelligence Prince Muqrin bin Abdulaziz.
- 6. Defence Minister Shri A. K. Antony led a 9-member delegation to Riyadh from February 13-14, 2012, and held discussions with Saudi King Abdullah bin Abdulaziz, Defence Minister Prince Salman bin Abdulaziz and Deputy Defence Minister Prince Khaled bin Sultan. It was decided to form a Joint Committee on Defence cooperation.
- 7. Deputy Chairman of Rajya Sabha, Shri K. Rahman Khan visited Saudi Arabia to attend the G-20 Parliament Speakers' Consultative Meeting on February 25-26, 2012 and held meetings with Dr. Abdullah bin Mohammad al-Sheikh, Chairman, Saudi Shoura Council; Prince Turki Al Faisal, Chairman, King Faisal Centre, and Dr. Ali Qasim M. Al Qahtani, Saudi Assistant Deputy Minister for Manpower Training Development.
- 8. The Then MOS for External Affairs Shri E. Ahmed visited the Kingdom to participate in the 'Friends of Yemen' meeting in Riyadh from May 23-26, 2012 and held meetings with Yemeni Prime Minister Mohammad Basindawa and Foreign Minister Dr. Abu-Bakr Abdullah Al-Qirbi on the sidelines of the meeting. He also met Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal, Defence Minister Prince Salman, Haj Minister Dr. Bandar bin Mohammad Al Hajjar during the visit.
- Minister of Law and Justice Shri Salman Khurshid led a 3-member delegation to the Kingdom from June 17-18, 2012, to offer condolences on the death of Crown Prince Naif bin Abdulaziz Al Saud.
- 10. The then Minister of State for External Affairs Shri E. Ahmed visited Jeddah from September 17-20, 2012 and met Saudi Haj Minister Dr. Bandar bin Mohammed Al-Hajjar and discussed Haj related issues. Shri E. Ahmad led Haj 2012 Goodwill delegation from 21 October 1 November, 2012, and held meeting with Saudi Haj Minister Dr. Bandar bin Mohammed Hajjar in Jeddah on October 23, 2012, to discuss Haj related issues.
- 11. Secretary (East) Shri Sanjay Singh led a 3-member delegation to the Kingdom for the review meeting of 9th JCM on December 23, 2012.

- 12. The then MOS(EA) Shri E. Ahamed accompanied by members of Haj delegation visited Kingdom from March 15-16, 2013 and met Saudi Haj Minister Dr. Bandar bin Mohammed Hajjar in Jeddah. During their meeting, issues pertaining to Indian pilgrims were discussed and the Haj Agreement for 2013 was also signed.
- 13. Hon'ble Minister of Overseas Indian Affairs Shri Vayalar Ravi accompanied by Hon'ble Minister of State for External Affairs Shri E. Ahamed and Advisor to Prime Minister of India Shri T.K.A. Nair visited Saudi Arabia from April 27-30, 2013 and met with Saudi Labour Minister, Foreign Minister and Deputy Interior Minister.
- 14. Attorney General for India Shri Goolamhusein Essaji Vahanvati visited Saudi Arabia from May 14 21, 2013 and met with Saudi Justice Minister Dr. Mohammed bin Abdulkareem Al-Issa and President of Bureau of Investigation and Public Prosecution Mr. Sheikh Mohammad bin Fahd bin Abdul Rahman Al-Abdullah in Riyadh and Saudi Interior Minister Prince Mohammed bin Naif in Jeddah.
- 15. The then Hon'ble External Affairs Minister Shri Salman Khurshid visited Saudi Arabia from May 24-27, 2013 and met with Crown Prince Salman, Second Deputy Prime Minister Prince Muqrin, Foreign Minister Saud Al Faisal, Interior Minister Prince Mohammad bin Naif, Labour Minister H.E. Mr. Adel bin Mohammed Fakeih.
- 16. Shri Rajiv Mehrishi, Secretary, Ministry of Overseas Indian Affairs visited Saudi Arabia on July 3, 2013 and met with Dr. Mufraj Al Haqbani, Saudi Vice Labour Minister.
- 17. Shri Ashok K. Kantha, Secretary (East) visited Saudi Arabia to review the Haj arrangements and met with the Saudi Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs Prince Abdulaziz bin Abdullah in Jeddah on August 29, 2013.
- 18. Hon'ble Finance Minister Shri P. Chidambaram visited Saudi Arabia from January 27-28, 2014 for the 10th Joint Commission Meeting and met with Crown Prince Salman; Second Deputy Prime Minister Prince Muqrin and Commerce & Industry Minister H.E. Dr. Tawfiq Al Rabiah.
- 19. MOS(EA) Shri E. Ahamed visited Saudi Arabia on 9-10 February 2014 for signing of Hajj 2014 agreement.
- 20. The then MOS (EA) Shri E. Ahamed visited Kingdom from April 27-29, 2014 and met with Saudi Haj Minister Dr. Bandar bin Hajjar and discussed issues pertaining to Indian Haj pilgrims.
- 21. Shri Arif Baig and Shri Abdul Rashid visited Saudi Arabia from 29 September to 20 October 2014 as Haj Goodwill delegation.
- 22.MoS (IC) for Petroleum and Natural Gas Shri Dharmendra Pradhan visited Kingdom from October 27-29, 2014 for the 2nd bilateral energy consultations. MoS (IC) also held bilateral meeting with Saudi Petroleum and Mineral Resource Minister Eng. Ali bin Ibrahim Al-Naimi.
- 23. On January 24, 2015, Vice President led a high level delegation including Minister of State Mr. Mohd. Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi, Member of Parliament Mr. Gulam Nabi Azad, Mr. M.J. Akbar and a number of senior officials to offer condolences on the sad demise of the King Abdullah.
- 24. MOS Gen (Dr.) V.K. Singh (Retd.) visited Kingdom in February 2015, to sign the Haj Agreement for 2015 and met with Saudi Haj Minister Dr. Bandar Hajjar and also discussed issues pertaining to arrangements for Haj 2015.

- 25. MOS Gen (Dr.) V.K. Singh (Retd.) visited Kingdom in October 2015 and met with the Saudi Health Minister Khalid Al Falih and discussed about the welfare of Indian Haj pilgrims, who were injured in the stampede in Mina.
- 26. MOS Gen (Dr.) V.K. Singh (Retd.) visited Kingdom in March 2016, to sign the Haj Agreement for 2016 and met with the Saudi Haj Minister Dr. Bandar Hajjar and discussed issues with regard to arrangement for Haj 2016.
- 27. National Security Adviser Shri Ajit Doval visited Riyadh in March 2016 and met with the Deputy Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman.
- 28. Secretary (ER) visited Riyadh from March 20-21, 2016 to finalise the arrangements for the PM's visit.
- 29. PM led a high level delegation for an official visit to Riyadh from April 2-3, 2016. During which he held bilateral meetings with King Salman, Crown Prince Mohammed bin Naif, Deputy Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman, Foreign Minister Adel Al Jubeir and Health Minister Khalid Al Falih.
- 30. Shri Dharmendra Pradhan, MOS (I/C), MoPNG visited Kingdom from April 13-14, 2016, and held bilateral meetings with the Saudi Minister of Health & Chairman of Aramco H.E. Mr. Khalid Al Falih and Vice Minister for Petroleum HRH Prince Abdulaziz bin Salman.
- 31. MOS Gen (Dr.) V.K. Singh (Retd.) visited the Kingdom (Jeddah & Riyadh) twice in August 2016, and met Saudi Labour & Social Development Minister and discussed the problems faced by the Indian expatriate community.
- 32. A 2-member delegation led by Shri Shaktikanta Das, Secretary (DEA), Ministry of Finance, Government of India, visited Riyadh from August 6-8, 2016 and held discussion with Saudi Vice Minister of Finance regarding participation of Saudi investment authorities in Indian National Investment and Infrastructure Fund (NIIF).
- 33. MOS Gen (Dr.) V.K. Singh (Retd.) again visited Riyadh on October 20, 2016 and met Vice Minister for Labour and Social Development of Saudi Arabia Mr Ahmed Al Humidan and thanked the Government of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia for their full cooperation in solving the problem.
- 34. Minister of State for Minority Affairs (IC) Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi visited Jeddah in January 10-11, 2017 and co-signed with the Saudi Minister of Haj & Umrah Mohammed Saleh Benten the Annual Bilateral Hajj Agreement for 2017. As the Makkah Holy Mosque expansion project has approached completion, the Saudi authorities have increased the Hajj quota for all countries. Hon'ble Minister of State expressed gratitude to the Saudi Ministry of Haj and Umrah for increasing the quota of Indian Haj pilgrims from 1,36,020 to 1,70,025 for Haj 2017.
- 35. MoS for External Affairs Shri M.J.Akbar led the Hajj goodwill delegation from 28 Aug -3 Sep, 2017 and met Governor of Makkah & Advisor to King Salman Prince Khalid bin Faisal and Saudi Minister of Hajj & Umra Mohammad Saleh bin Taher Benten.
- 36. MoS for External Affairs General (Dr) Vijay Kumar Singh (Retd) visited Riyadh (3-5 Feb, 2018) for the joint press conference on the 32^{nd} Saudi National Festival for Heritage & Culture-Janadriyah 2018 and to inspect the preparations for the janadriyah event.
- 37. External Affairs Minister Smt. Sushma Swaraj visited Riyadh (6-8 Feb, 2018) and inaugurated the India pavilion at the Janadriyah 2018. EAM called on King Salman and held official talks with Saudi Foreign Minister Adel Al Jubeir and National Guard Minister Prince Khalid bin Abdulaziz bin Ayyaf.

- 38. Finance Minister Shri Arun Jaitley visited Riyadh (18 & 19 Feb, 2018) and co-chaired the 12th Joint Commission Meeting (JCM) along with the Saudi Minister of Commerce & Investment Dr. Majid Al Qassabi. In addition, Finance Minister called on King Salman and held talks with Saudi Minsiter of Finance Mohammad Al Jada'an, Minister of Energy, Industry and Mineral Resources Eng Khalid Al Falih and Deputy Minister of Foreign Trade Eng Abdulrahman Al Harbi.
- 39. Minister of Minority Affairs Shri Mukthar Abbas Naqvi visited Jeddah (13 Dec, 2018) and signed the bilateral Hajj Agreement with the Saudi Minister of Hajj & Umrah Mohammed Saleh Benten for the year 2019.

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